JSTAR (Japanese Study of Ageing and Retirement)

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Wave 1 (5 cities 2007) N=4300

Wave 2 (5+2 cities 2009) including Naha (Okinawa island) N=4700

Wave 3 (5+2+3 cities 2012) including Sendai (hit by Earthquake 2011) N=5800

Wave 4 (10 cities 2014) N=4600

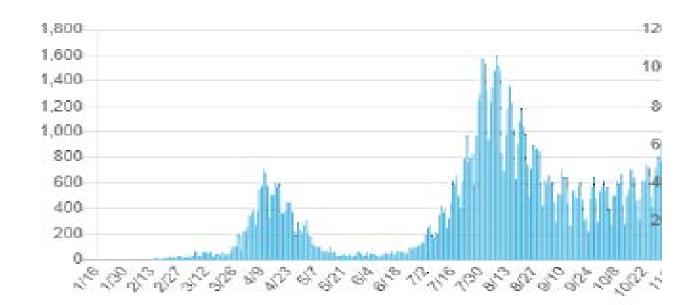
Wave 5 (10 cities 2016)

CAPI interview+leave-behind Q with nutrition survey sheet nearly 30% with public insurance claims data linked
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Wave 6 life history survey 2018 (postal survey) N=2600 without refresh sample (current age 58-89 as of 2020) Wave 1-4 data published, Wave 5-6 under cleaning

COVID-19 impact in Japanese older people

- Currently 3rd surge (largest) expected
- Positive case 120,000
- Death tolls 2,000
- Limited number of clusters in nursing homes



- Limited impact on COVID-19 related health outcomes
- Extended impact on economic and social conditions (isolation), and subsequent functional decline expected
- Fund raising for 2021 springsummer survey (telephone?)